### Wagyu feeding technique for high quality beef production

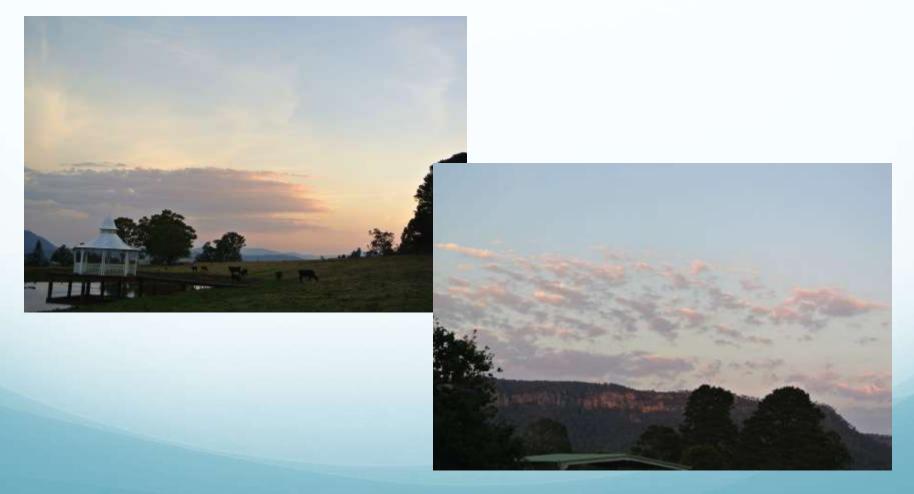
**Beef Cattle Symposium** 

Antalya / Turkey May 08<sup>th</sup> and 11<sup>th</sup> 2014.

Belltree Australia PTY LTD Takao Suzuki

### **Farm Location**

• Blue Mountains – 100km west of Sydney



### **Belltree Australia Operation**

- Fullblood Wagyu Breeding : 70 head
- Fullblood Wagyu Feeding : 80 head
- Angus F1 production : 40 head

### Work Experience

- Dairy farm in Japan 1997
- Japanese feedlot (7,500head) 1990 ~ 1991
- Australian feedlot (35,000head) 1991 ~ 2006
- Establish Belltree Australia PTY LTD in Blue mountains 2007 ~

### What is Wagyu?

- The word 'wagyu' is a Japanese-language 'wa-gyu', which simply means 'Japanese produced beef cattle'. It does not describe any single breed.
- Japanese Black >90% of Wagyu trade in Japan



**Japanese Black** 



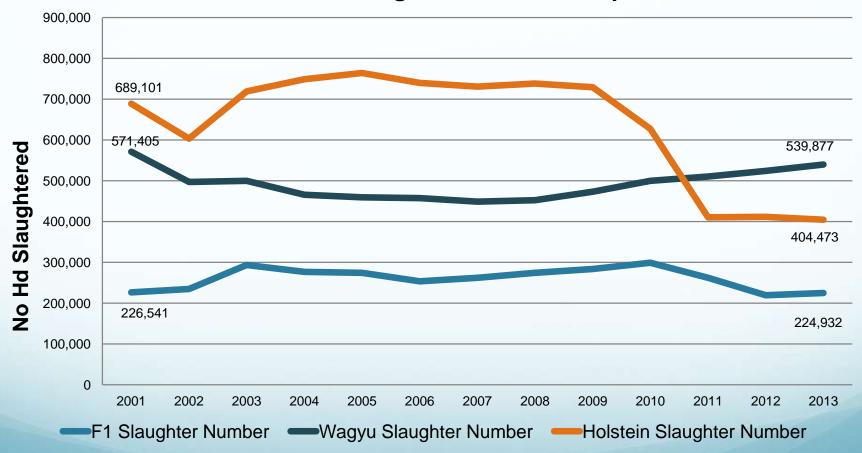
Japanese Brown



Japanese Shorthorn

### **Beef Production Trend in Japan**

**Beef Cattle Slaughter Number in Japan** 



### Beef Retail Price in Japan JPY/100g

	Wagyu	F1	Holstein
Chuck	617	441	299
Brisket	616	464	313
Sirloin	1, 157	844	599
Butts	602	439	332

### Australian Wagyu

- Semen & embryos exported from Japan to USA in 1995
- Wagyu livestock and semen were imported from USA to AUS from 1996~
- "Wagyu" infused cattle feeding is popular through domestic/export market
- Wagyu is registered to Australian Wagyu Association database with DNA profile
- Mainly feeding at western style feedlot or grass fed

# Wagyu Beef

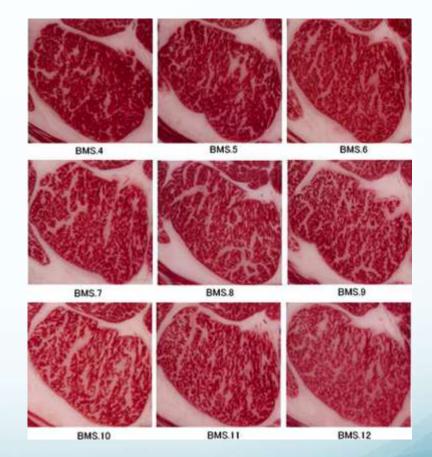


# Wagyu Beef



### Wagyu Beef Characteristics

- Marbling Intramuscular Fat
- Fatty Acid Composition
  - High MUFA (Approx >53%)
  - High Oleic Acid (18:1)
  - Low Melting Point (<26°C)</li>
- Texture Firm
- Tender
- Unique Flavor



# Wagyu Production



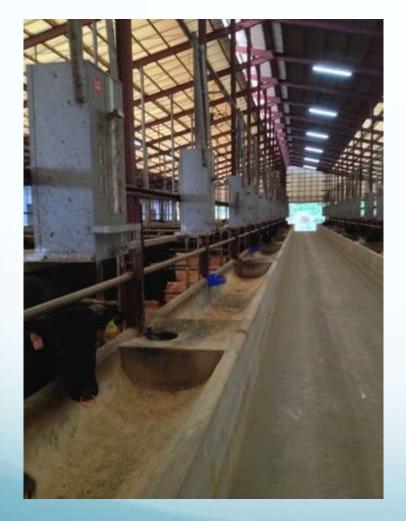


# Japanese Style Feeding











### Japanese Style Feeding

- Total growth management to meet nutritional requirements of cattle at each stage
- Specially formulated ration
- Selected feed ingredients for fatty acid composition and flavor
- Feeding up to 30 month old
- Minimize cattle stress
- Managing small group

### **Feed Ration**

- **STARTER** Pre/Post weaning
  - CP ~ 22%
  - TDN 78%
  - ADF 14%
  - Ad-rib Hay Feeding
  - Target Consumption 0.5 ~ 2kg
- **GROWER** Post Weaning ~ 13 month Old
  - CP ~16%
  - TDN 76 ~ 78%
  - ADF 12%
  - High Roughage Contents(Pasture Hay, Alfalfa etc)
  - Target consumption 2 ~ 6kg (60% Ration, 40% Hay)
- FINISHER 14 ~ 30 month old
  - CP ~12%
  - TDN 78%+
  - ADF 12.5%
  - Roughage with No Vitamin A (Straw)
  - High Grain Contents (70% +)
  - Target consumption 7 ~ 10kg (80% Ration, 20% Straw)

#### • GRAIN

- <u>Barley</u> High Crude Fibre
  - Steam Flaked High Digestibility
- <u>Corn</u> High Energy, Good Fat
  - Steam Flaked High Digestibility
  - Hominy Feed High Crude Fiber







#### • **PROTEIN**

- Soybean Meal high in lysine
- <u>Canola Meal</u>





### • **BY-PRODUCTS**

- Wheat Bran High Fiber
- **OKARA** (By-Products of Soy Milk) High Crude Protein
- Nuts Husk High Fiber
- Barley Husk High Fiber







#### • Mineral

- <u>Salt</u> Balance Mineral
- <u>Lime Stone</u> Balance out P : Ca to 1 : 2 (prevention of Kidney Stone)

### • ROUGHAGE

- Grasses Hay (Ryegrass, Bermuda)
  - Soft fiber and easy to digest

#### Alfalfa Hay (Lucerne)

• High CP, Rich in Vitamin A

#### Rice Straw/ Wheat Straw

- High Fiber
- No Vitamin A







### Example of Wagyu Feed Ration

	Starter	Grower	Finisher
Corn	25.00%	22.00%	35.00%
Barley	25.00%	22.00%	25.00%
Wheat Bran	10.00%	15.00%	19.00%
Soybean Meal	13.00%	11.00%	8.00%
Barley Straw	0.00%	7.00%	0.00%
Nuts Husk	0.00%	0.00%	3.00%
Alfalfa	15.00%	7.00%	0.00%
Alfalfa Meal	10.00%	10.00%	0.00%
Wheat Straw	0.00%	4.00%	4.00%
Wheat Husk	0.00%	0.00%	4.00%
Limestone	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
Salt	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

\*\*The rations are example only

# **Feeding Program**

#### • 0 – 3 month – Grazing/ Starter Ration

• Early weaning to ensure their growth and getting ready for grain feeding program



### **Feeding Program**

- 3 13 month Weaners/ Grower Ration + Hay
  - Ensure the roughage consumption to develop rumen size and muscle growth



### **Feeding Program**

#### • 14 – 30 month – Feeders/ Finisher Ration + Rice Straw

 Restrict Vitamin A consumption and maximize feed consumption until last minutes to develop marbling





# Why Japanese Style??

### Managing animal in small group

- ✓ Minimize variation in feed consumption
- ✓ Managing by age group to control ration changes

### Managing animal in shed

- ✓ Minimize stress of environment effect
- ✓ Minimize feed wastage

### Japanese Style Feed Ration

- ✓ Maximize marbling ability
- Maximize eating quality by control fatty acid composition (MUFA : BMW 57.1% VS Angus 49.6)

# Key Point of Wagyu Feeding

#### • Start at Young Age

- Early weaning and supplement nutrition is essential for Wagyu calf growth because milk production of Wagyu cow is limited.
- Muscle development at young age will determine beef yield

#### Develop Rumen Condition with good quality Roughage

- Rumen conditioning at post weaning age (4 ~ 9month old) is essential to enhance high feed consumption for later stage
- Roughage consumption will increase rumen sizes and maintaining rumen bacteria population

#### Maintain Feed Consumption

 Maintaining feed consumption as long as possible is key to increase marbling score. Irregular feed consumption will induce gastrointestinal problem and hence low meat quality.

